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[illegible]

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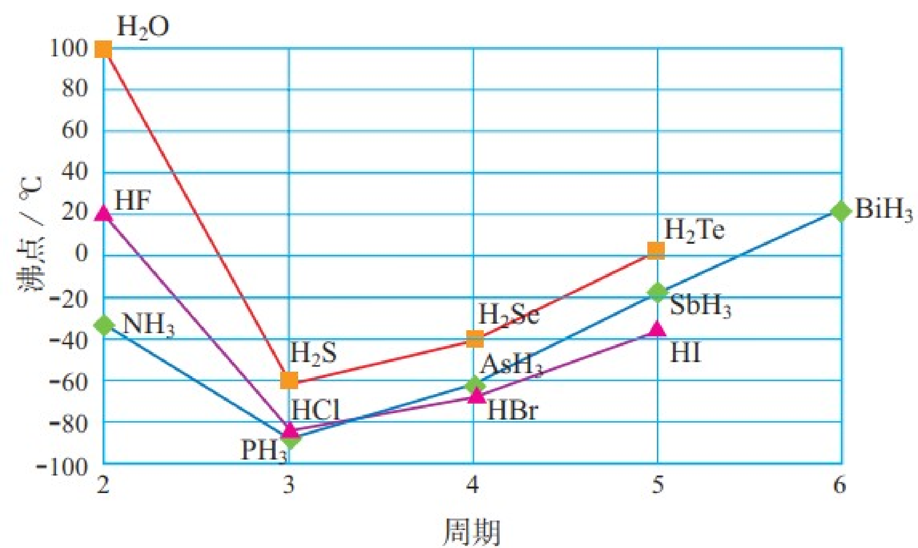
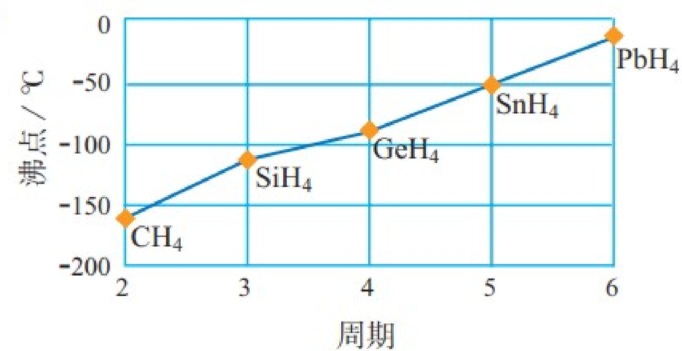
1

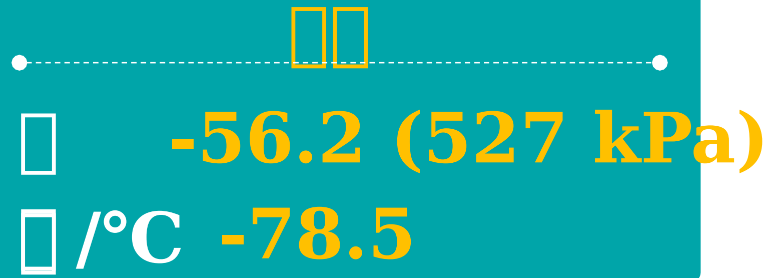
2

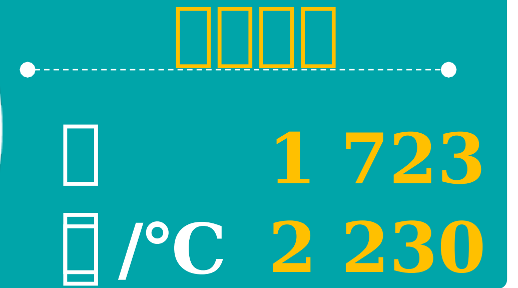


H2O
HF
NH3
H2S
HCl
PH3
H2Se
AsH3
HBr
H2Te
SbH3
HI
BiH3
沸点 / ℃
100
80
60
40
20
0
-20
-40
-60
-80
-100
2
3
4
5
6
周期

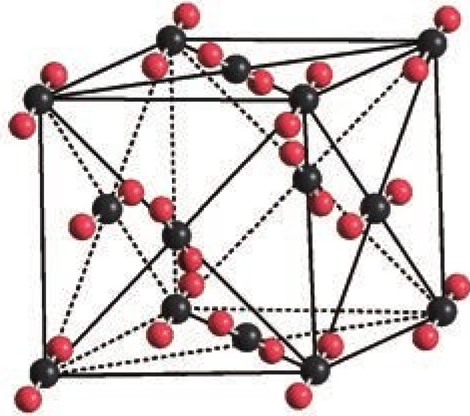


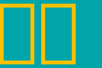
CH4
SiH4
GeH4
SnH4
PbH4
沸点 / ℃
0
-50
-100
-150
-200
2
3
4
5
6
周期

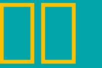

-56.2 (527 kPa)
/°C -78.5

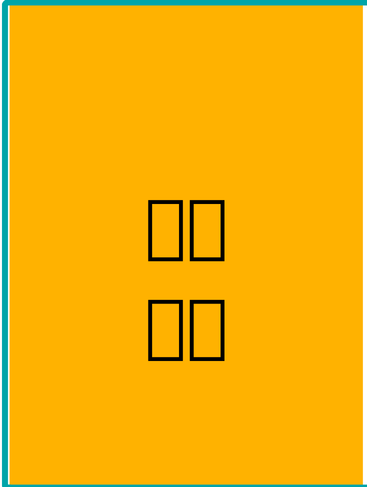

1 723
/°C 2 230

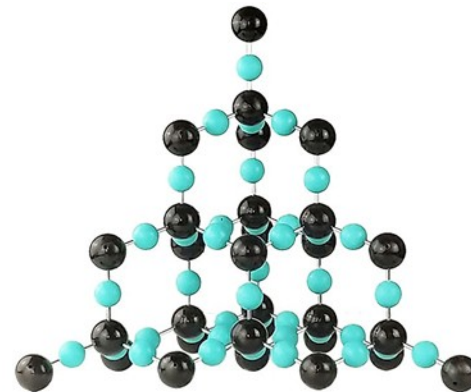
? ? ?











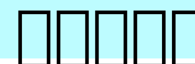
•二、共价晶体

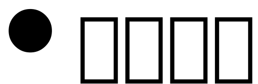
通过金刚石晶体的结构认识共价晶体结构组成共价晶体的粒子和粒子间的作用力是什么？
探究一

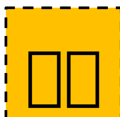
组成的粒子：_______ 粒子间的作用力： _______ 金刚石的多面体外形

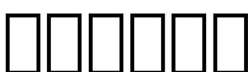
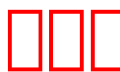
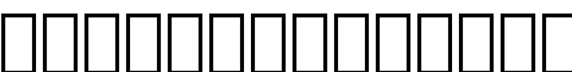
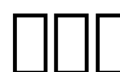
晶体结构 晶胞示意图 晶胞示意图

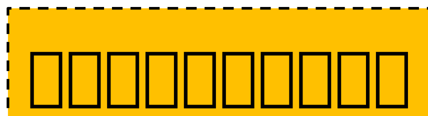
原子 共价键

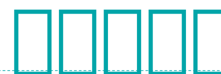


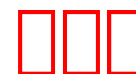




1   ______  ()

()





2□□□□□□□□□□P82□3-3

资料卡片

表3-3 某些共价晶体的熔点和硬度

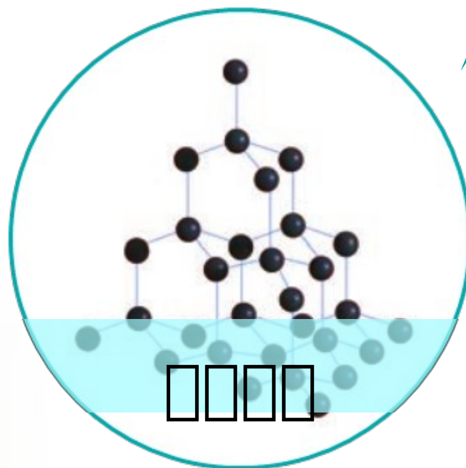
共价晶体	金刚石	氮化硼	碳化硅	石英	硅	锗
熔点/℃	>3 500	3 000	2 700	1 710	1 410	1 211
摩氏硬度	10	9.5	9.5	7	6.5	6.0

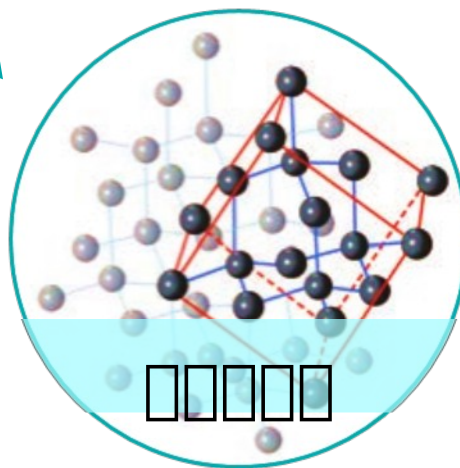
□□□______□□□______,______□□□□□□□□□□□_____□□

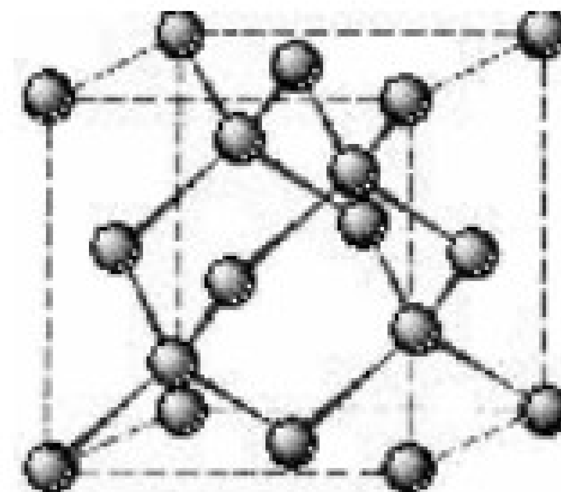
3 [illegible]

[illegible] 1 [illegible]

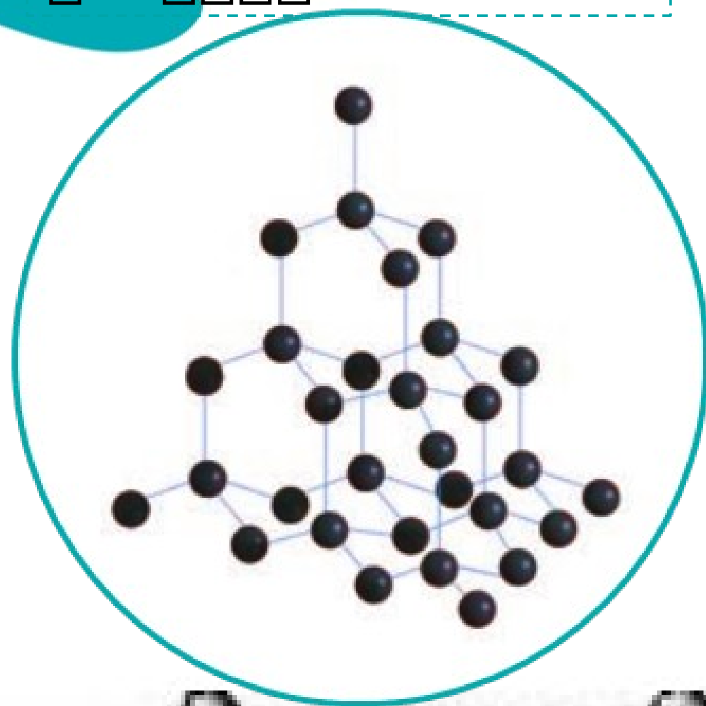
[illegible] [illegible]

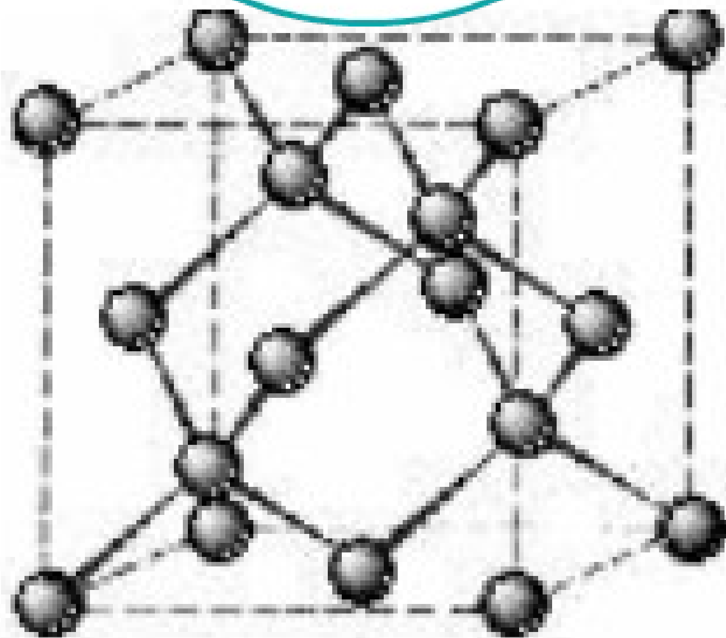




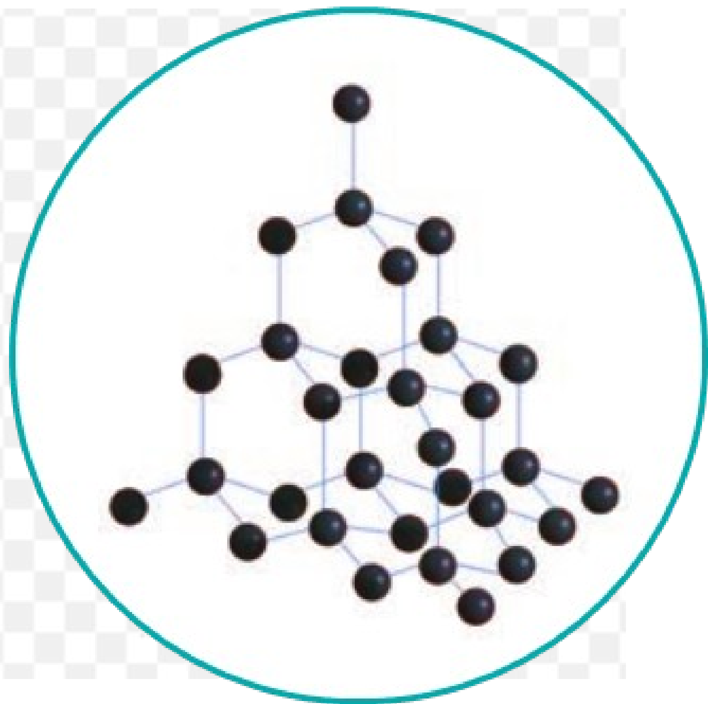


（1）金刚石
①C 原子为______杂化，每个C原子周围有 ______ 个C原子，围成正四面体。 ②C原子：C-C键= ______ ③最小碳环为______元环，且不共面。
1 个C被______个环共用，每个环平均有______ 个C，1 个C-C键被______个环共用，每个环平均有______个C-C键。
④晶胞点位：

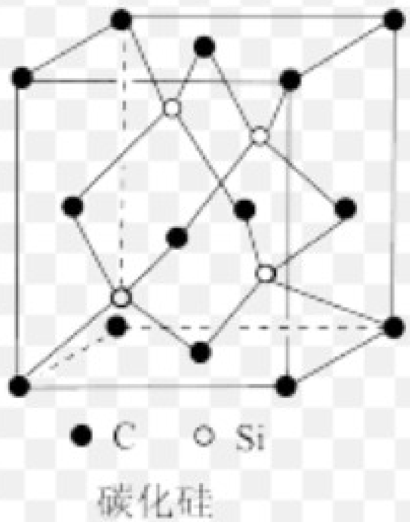




（2）金刚砂SiC



①晶胞点位：

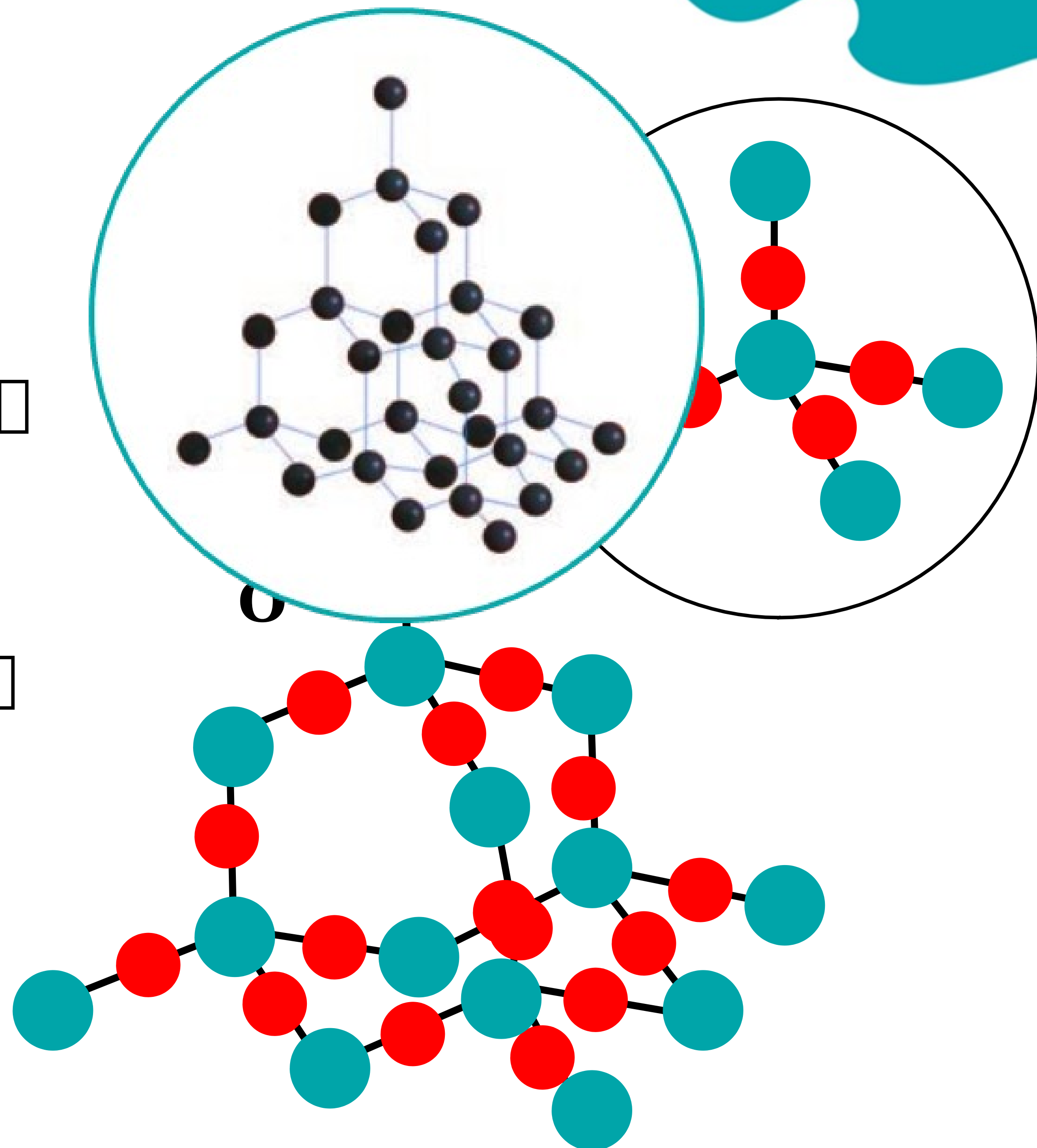


②SiC中：C、Si为________杂化；
1 mol SiC中有________mol Si-C键；
每个SiC晶胞中含有______个C原子，
______ 个Si原子。
③判断并解释金刚石与金刚砂的熔沸点高低。

金刚石与金刚砂均为共价晶体，半径C<Si, 键长C-C<Si-Si, 键能C-C>Si-Si, 键能大熔沸点高。

□3□□□□□□□

① □□Si□□□_____ □O□□□□Si-O□□
□□□□O□□□_____ □Si□□□□Si-O□
②1 mol SiO_2 □□□_____□Si-O□
③ □□□□□_____□O□□□_____□Si□□
□□□_____□□□



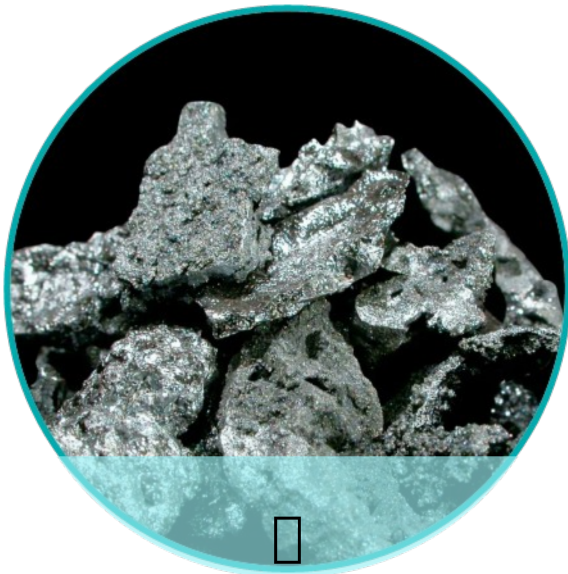
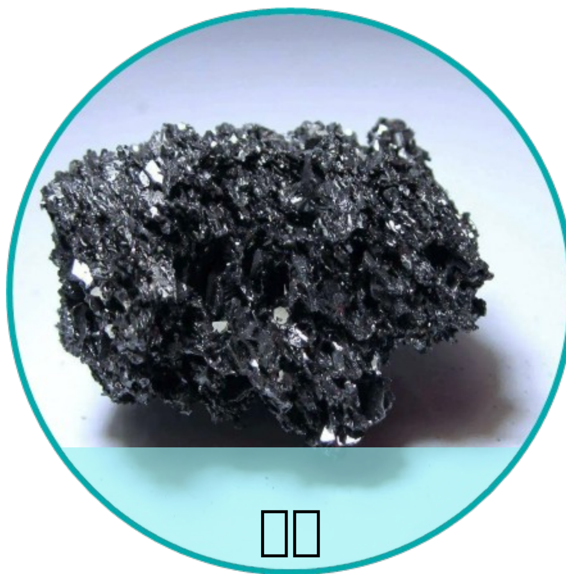
[illegible] **P81** [illegible]

[illegible]

([illegible]) [illegible]

超细硅灰石粉
通过ISO9001:2008质量体系认证
KT-
Net

- □□□□

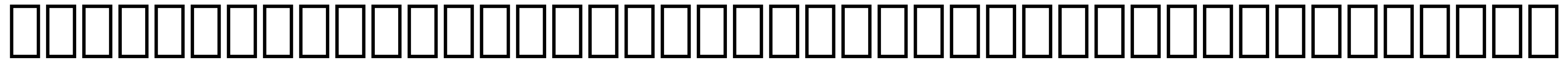
□□□□□□		
□□□□	□□□□□□□□	□□□□□□□□
		
□□□ □ (Si) □□□□ (C) □□ (Ge) □	□□□ □□□□□ (Mn_2O_7) □□□□□ □ (Cr_2O_3) □	□□□ □□□□ (SiO_2) □□□□ (BN) □□□□ (Si_3N_4) □

4、典型共价晶体

（1）某些单质
（2）某些非金属化合物
（3）某些氧化物

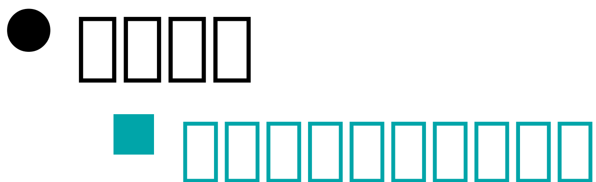
- [illegible]
  - [illegible]

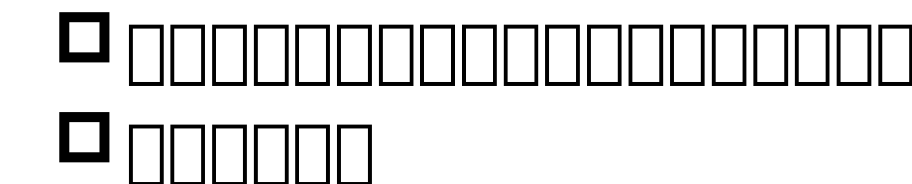
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

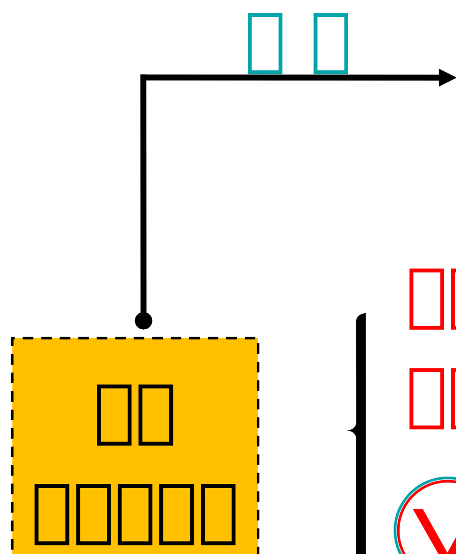


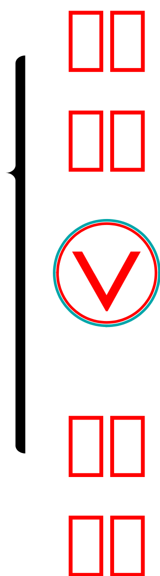
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]/°C	[illegible]3 500	1 410	1 211
[illegible]*	10	6.5	6.0

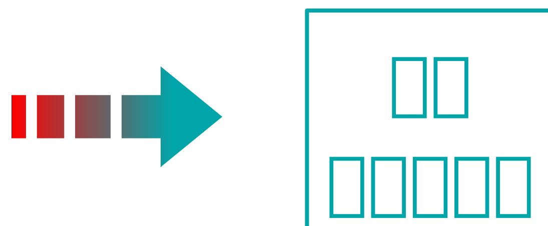
[illegible] sp^3 [illegible] σ [illegible] C-C [illegible] Si-Si [illegible] Ge-Ge [illegible]

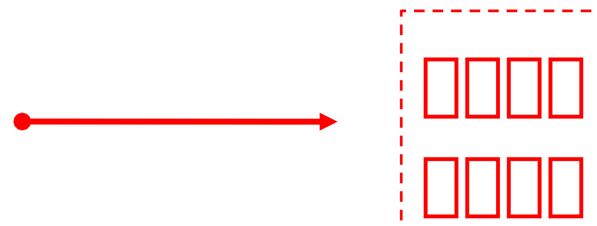


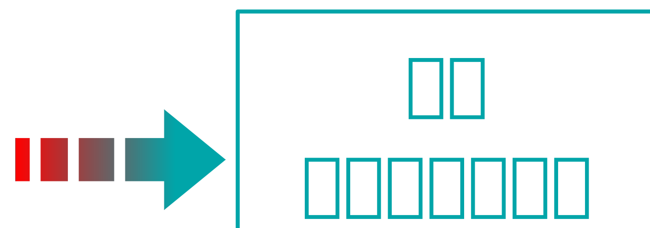


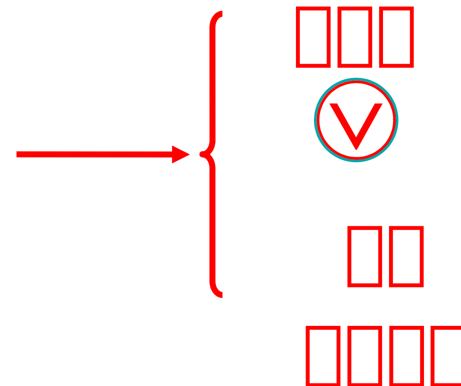


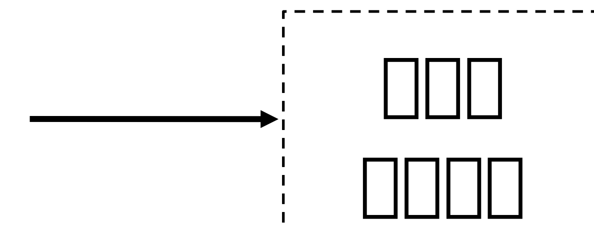


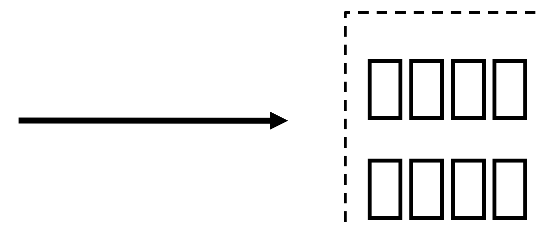


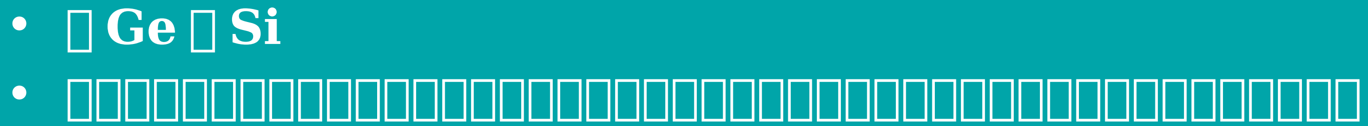


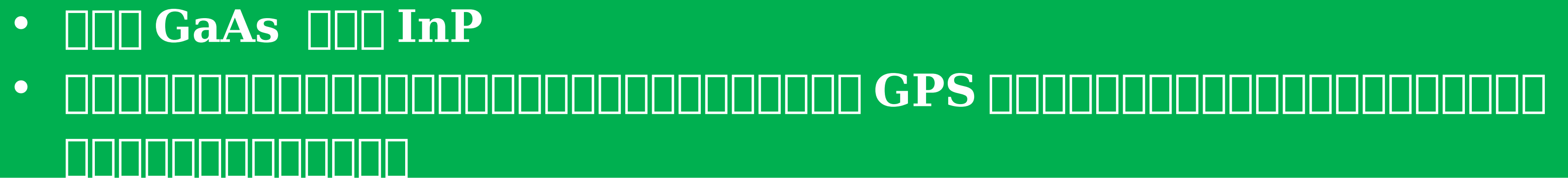


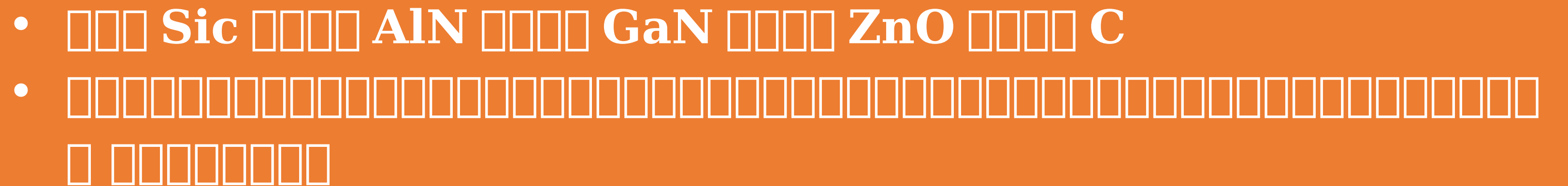







Ge Si


GaAs InP
GPS


Sic AlN GaN ZnO C

1 [illegible] SiO_2 [illegible]

A [illegible] 3 [illegible] Si [illegible] 3 [illegible] O [illegible]

B [illegible] Si [illegible] O [illegible] 1[illegible]2

C [illegible] 6 [illegible] Si [illegible] 6 [illegible] O [illegible]

D [illegible] O [illegible] Si [illegible] 4 [illegible]

[illegible] C

[illegible] SiO_2 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 6 [illegible] SiO_2 [illegible] Si—Si [illegible]“[illegible]”[illegible] 6 [illegible] 6 [illegible] Si [illegible] O [illegible] 1:1 [illegible] ABD [illegible] C [illegible] C [illegible]

2．金刚石和石墨的物理性质存在着较大差异，原因是 ( )
A．它们是由不同种元素构成的B．他们各自的原子排列方式不同
C．它们具有不同的几何外形 D．石墨能导电而金刚石不能

【答案】B
【详解】物质的组成和结构决定了物质的性质，金刚石和石墨均由C元素构成，但由于结构中碳原子的排列方式不同，所以物理性质存在较大差异，故答案为B。

3 □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ **40GPa** □□□□□□□□□□□□ **1800K** □□□□□□□□□□□□□ **CO_2** □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

A □□□□□□□□□□□□

B □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

C □□□□□□□□□□□□□□

D □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

□□□□**B**

□□□□**A**□**CO_2**□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□**C=O**□□**C-O**□□□□□□□□□□□□□□**A**□□□;

B□**CO_2**□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□**B**□□□;

C□**CO_2**□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□**C**□□;

D□**CO_2**□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□**D**□□□;

□□□□□

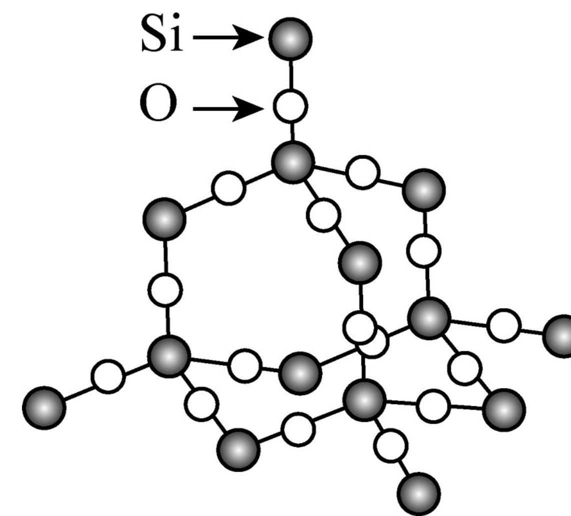
4 □□□□□ SiO_2 □□□□□□□□□□□□□

A □ 1 mol SiO_2 □□□ Si-O □□ 2 mol

B □□□□□□□□□□□□ SiO_2

C □□□□ Si □ O □□□□□□□□□□ 8 □□□□

D □□□□□□□□ 3 □ Si □□□ 3 □ O □□



□□□□ C

□□□□ A □□□ Si □□□□□□□□□□□ 1 mol SiO_2 □□□□ 4 mol Si-O □□□ A □□□

B □□ 2 □□□□□□ Si □ O □□□□□□ 1 □ 2 □□□□□□□□ B □□□

C □□□□□□□□□□□ 4 □□□□□□□□□□□ 2 □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ 6 □□□□□□□□□□□□□ 8 □□□ □□□ C □□□

D □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ 6 □□□□□ 6 □□□□□□ D □□□

□□□ C □

5 [illegible]

[illegible]

A [illegible]

B [illegible] C-O [illegible] 1:2

C [illegible] sp^3 [illegible]

D [illegible] 1:2

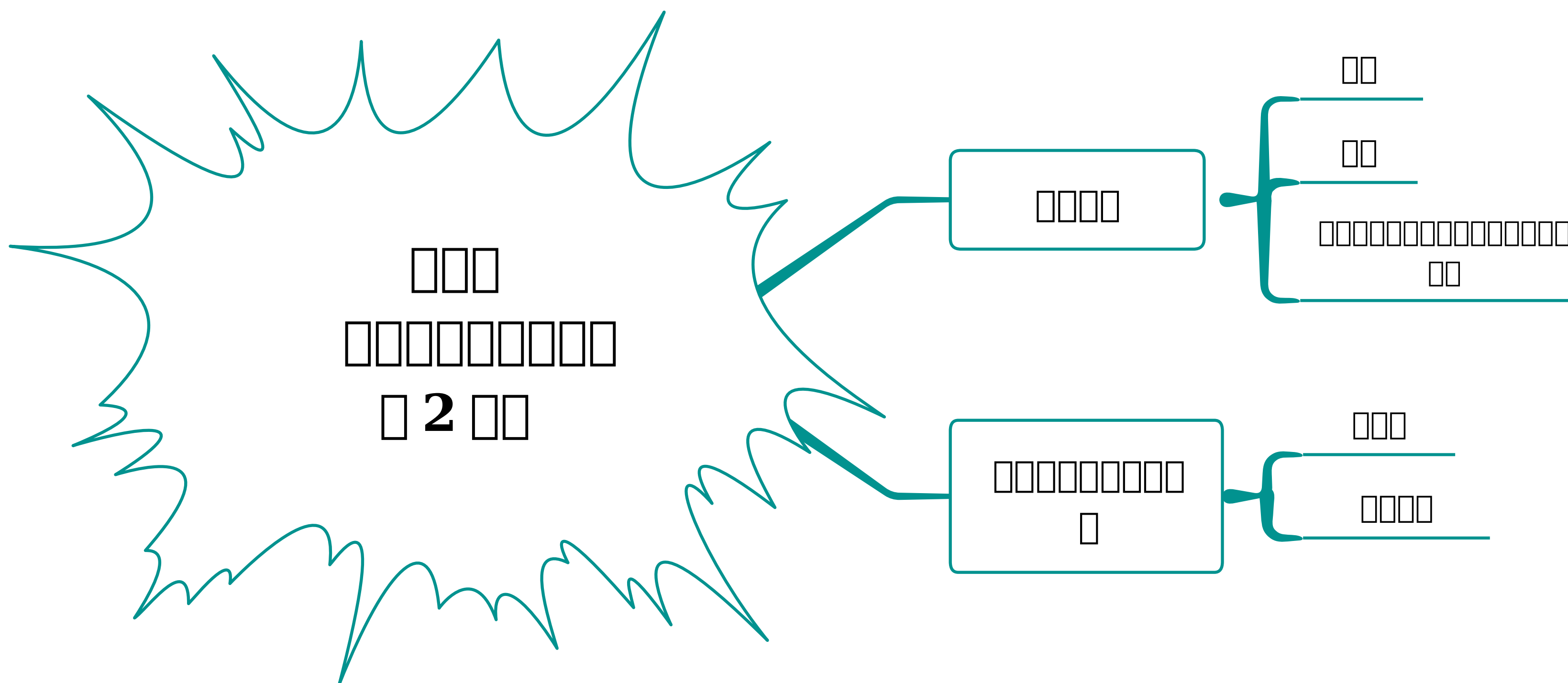
[illegible] B

[illegible] A [illegible] A [illegible]

B [illegible] 4 [illegible] C-O [illegible] 1:4 [illegible] B [illegible]

C [illegible] 4 [illegible] 4 [illegible] σ [illegible] 4 [illegible] sp^3 [illegible] C [illegible]

D [illegible] 4 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 1:2 [illegible] D [illegible]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